Class

Quick Vocabulary

Lesson 1

- **chemical bond** attraction between atoms when electrons are shared, transferred, or pooled
- **chemical equation** description of a reaction using element symbols and chemical formulas
- **chemical reaction** process in which atoms of one or more substances rearrange to form one or more new substances
- **coefficient** number placed in front of an element symbol or chemical formula in an equation
- **law of conservation of mass** states that the total mass of the reactants before a chemical reaction is the same as the total mass of the products after the chemical reaction
- **product** new substance produced by a chemical reaction
- **reactant** starting substance in a chemical reaction

Lesson 2

- **combustion** chemical reaction in which a substance combines with oxygen and releases energy
- **decomposition** chemical reaction in which one compound breaks down and forms two or more substances
- **double replacement** describes a reaction in which the negative ions in two compounds switch places, forming two new compounds
- **single replacement** describes a reaction in which one element replaces another element in a compound
- **synthesis** chemical reaction in which two or more substances combine and form one compound

Quick Vocabulary

Lesson 3

- **activation energy** minimum amount of energy needed to start a chemical reaction
- **catalyst** substance that increases the reaction rate by lowering the activation energy of a reaction
- **endothermic** chemical reactions that absorb thermal energy
- **enzyme** catalyst that speeds up chemical reactions in living cells
- **exothermic** chemical reactions that release thermal energy
- **inhibitor** substance that slows down, or even stops, a chemical reaction